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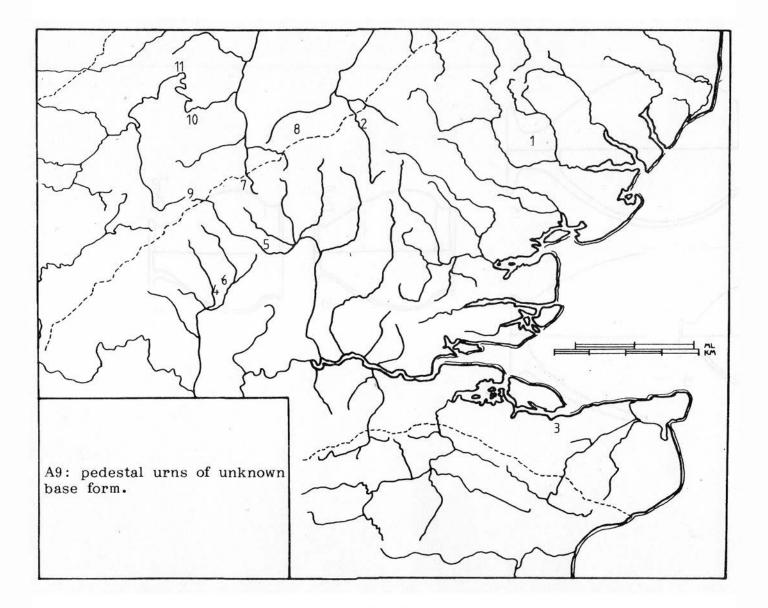
A9: PEDESTAL URNS OF UNKNOWN BASE FORM

This includes vessels I have seen, with bases broken off; and some that from their shape ought to have been pedestal urns: in particular tall jars that narrow towards the base, the pedestal having been broken off at the weak point. Those that were clearly of A5 form have been included there.

1	Boxford, 1966, Group A no.2 (cf. form A3); (+	
	brooches). 2B+	•
2	Great Chesterford, Bramble Shot, [901]. HM1B+	ø
	Faversham no.185: group II. 'AD 10-50'	
4	Abbots Langley (lost; not illus.). 1B	0
5	Crookhams, no.22. 3S+	•
	Park Street 1945, Period IV no.7, bottom of 'Belgic	
	Pit II'. 3S	0
7	Hitchin, Grove Mill, [874], =AB 117B	•
8	Abington Pigotts (not illus.; plain, thin). RS	•
9	Puddlehill no.24, enclosure 4 ditch. 1S	ø
10	Kempston, Hill Grounds, no.36 (cf. form A3)B	•
	Felmersham, no.6; possibly a pedestal urn (+	
	bronzes). 3B+	0

Notes

This is not, inherently, a form which requires observations on dating, except to note the undoubtedly very early date of the Great Chesterford pot with its primitive form and date of perhaps c.50-30 BC. This pot is also typologically one of the earliest pedestal urns in Britain. It had a flat base, according to Neville (1857).



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