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## E1-4: PLAIN CARINATED CUPS

1	Colchester, Sheepen, Cam.214B: 'native'.	-S	•
	Joslin Coll. 636 [1070].	-B	•
2	Shenfield [998].	3B	
3	Canewdon, Wick Farm [235].	RB	Δ
4	Stone 1941, fig.3 no.4.	-B	Δ
	fig.3 no.12.	-B	•
5	Herne Bay, Studd Hill.	3B	0
6	Julliberries Grave burial 2 no.2. R	post-43	0
7		2S+	•
	[91].	-S	Ø
	presumed, [92].	-	•
8	Sturry, Staines Hill [90].	-	•
9	Deal grave II, AB 96, + bronzes.	2B+	Δ
10		2S	0
11	Hertford Heath main grave, no.3.	(2B+)	•
	Prae Wood, LIV 2nd Grey Clay [518].	AD5-40/45	•
	LIIIa Grey Clay [407].	AD5-40/45	
	그 그 그 그 그 그는	AD5-40/45	
	XIIB [800].	AD5-40/45	
	Group B no.41.	AD5-40/45	
		AD30-50	•
13	St Albans, Salisbury Avenue, no.5.	2S	
	Verulam Hills Field grave 15, no.15c.	2B	•
	Abbots Langley (lost), (not illus.).	1B	0
	Hitchin, Bury Mead [910].	-B	Δ
	Berkhamsted, Dellfield, burial 1, no.58.	1B	0
	Luton, Rosslyn Crescent, burial III [841] + brooch		
		-S	0
	'Cambridge', 1871 [917].		Δ

## Notes

This is quite common, including Kent, but few at Sheepen, where the type was conflated with Cam. 214. It is distinctive enough to constitute a separate form; but only three appear in the Sheepen type trays. All examples are small and quite plain; sometimes red-surfaced, and often burnished. There is as yet no certain indication of a 1st century BC date; it flourished in the first half of the 1st century AD and some post-conquest examples are known. Broadstairs (Hurd 1909, pi.XVIII) had a cup exactly like the Roman Canewdon pot in a Roman cemetery at Rumfield, with samian of the later 1st century AD.





